TABLE V. Pigment cells of the peritoneum. In this table the terms "none, " "very few, " 'few, " 'few to numerous, " 'numerous, " and "abundant" are used with reference to observation under 10X magnification, and refer to the approximate number of cells visible per square unit of surface.

SPECIES	NUMBER OF SPECIMENS E XAMINED	CELLS OF MESENTERY PROPER	CELLS OF DORSAL BODY WALL
Cryptobranchus a. alleganiensis	2	2 none	2 few
Necturus maculosus	5	3 none, 2 very few	2 few, 3 few to numerous (light brown to light gray)
Siren lacertina	2	2 none	2 very few
Ambystoma maculatum	6	6 numerous	3 numerous (medium brown), 3 abundant (dark brown)
Ambystoma jeffersonian	um 6	6 numerous	5 numerous (medium brown to light gray), 1 abundant (dark brown)
Ambystoma opacum	4	3 numerous, 1 few	4 few
Notophthalmus v. viridescens	6	3 none, 3 very few	5 abundant (dark brown), 1 numerous (medium brown)
Amphiuma tridactylum	2	2 none	2 none
Desmognathus f. fuscus	20	18 numerous, 2 abundant	20 very few
Desmognathus ochrophae carolinensis	us 6	6 numerous	5 very few, 1 few
Desmognathus o. ochrophaeus	4	4 numerous	3 very few, 1 few
Desmognathus quadramaculatus	5	5 numerous	5 very few
Plethodon g. glutinosus	s 6	6 few	6 very few
Plethodon c. cinereus	6	4 very few, 2 few	6 numerous (light brown to medium brown)
Plethodon r. richmondi	6	4 none, 2 very few	6 numerous (light brown)
Gyrinophilus p. porphyriticus	6	6 few to numerous	6 few to numerous (light brown)
Eurycea 1. longicauda	6	6 none	6 few
Eurycea bislineata rivicola	6	5 none, 1 few	6 numerous (medium brown, except 2 contracted)